

# Description

## [Snowboard training device]

### CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a continuation to the provisional application number 60/319,839 filed on 01/07/2003.

### SUMMARY OF INVENTION

[0002] The snowboard training device is a device that assists beginners in learning how to snowboard. The device connects to the top rear of the snowboard and extends a handle to an instructor which allows the instructor to ski behind the beginner to control the speed, direction, and edging of the snowboard.

[0003] Currently, most snowboard instructors walk or snowboard along the side of a beginner attempting to physically hold the beginner up in order to teach them the balance needed to control the snowboard. This typically results in the beginner and sometimes both the beginner and the instructor falling many times until the balance is learned. This method of instruction can be difficult since the in-

structor must run or snowboard after the beginner to catch up when the beginner starts moving on their own. This method of instruction is flawed in that the instructor is attempting to control the snowboard by means of holding onto the body of the beginner.

[0004] The snowboard training device allows the instructor to ski behind the beginner and control the snowboard by means of a handle and joint assembly that connects directly to the snowboard. The instructor is always connected to the beginner by holding on to the handle that connects to the beginner's snowboard. Therefore, the beginner cannot get away from the instructor. The instructor can control the speed of the beginner simply by slowing himself down while holding the handle that connects to the snowboard. The instructor can control the direction and edging of the snowboard by applying downward pressure to one end of the handle and upward pressure to the other end of the handle similar to what one would do to a steering wheel to control the direction of a car or the handle bars of a bike.

[0005] The handle can easily be attached to and unattached from the snowboard for loading the chair lift or other means of ascending the ski slope or transporting the snowboard.

The instructor can also pull the beginner on flat or uphill terrain by having the beginner rotate the board 180 degrees, so that the snowboard training device is at the front of the snowboard, and pulling the handle.

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

[0006] The snowboard training device (Fig 1) is made up of three basic parts, the base plate (Fig 1, Part 1), the swivel tee (Fig 1, Part 7), and the handle (Fig 1, Part 10) (Part 11 and 12 being the snowboard and snowboard binding, respectively). The base plate connects to the rear of the snowboard by means of the existing screw holes for the binding. The base plate has the same universal hole pattern as a standard binding so that it can be fitted onto any existing snowboard (Fig 2). The binding is placed on top of the base plate and both the base plate and binding are affixed to the snowboard by the base plate attachment screws (Fig 2, Part 2). Within the base plate is the bearing cup (Fig 2, Part 4) which holds the bearings (Fig 6B-B, Part 3). The bearing cup is affixed to the base plate by means of the socket head bolt (Fig 6B-B, Part 5) and the socket head nut (Fig 6B-B, Part 6). The bearing cup provides connection to the swivel tee and allows rotation of the handle in the horizontal plane (Fig 8A and 8B).

[0007] The swivel tee (Fig 2, Part 7) connects to the bearing cup which is housed by the base plate on one end and connects to the handle on the other end. The swivel tee is affixed to the bearing cup by means of the Tbolt (Fig 6B-B, Part 8) and Tbolt nut (Fig 6B-B, Part 9). The handle can easily be removed from the swivel tee to allow loading onto the chair lift or other means of ascending the ski slope or transporting of the snowboard. The swivel tee allows rotation of the handle in the vertical plane (Fig 7A and 7B).

[0008] The handle (Fig 2, Part 10) connects to the swivel tee on one end and is grasped by the instructor on the other end. The snowboard training device as a whole allows an instructor to apply a force and have that force transferred to the snowboard to control the direction and edging (Fig 9 and Fig 10) of the board. By grasping the handle and slowing or speeding himself, the instructor can control the speed of the snowboard.